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**Shefford Lower School**

**Pupil Attendance Policy**

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| **Written by** | **Reviewed & Ratified by Governors** | **Shared with Staff** | **Last Updated** | **Review Cycle** | **Next Review Due** |
| Lorraine Freeman  Deputy Headteacher | October 2024 | October 2024 | September 2024 | 3 Years | September 2027 |

**1.0 Statement of Intent**

Shefford Lower School recognises that positive behaviour and good attendance are essential in order for pupils to get the most of their school experience, including their attainment, wellbeing and wider life chances.

The Department for Education (DfE) has produced statutory guidance for maintained schools, academies, independent schools, and local authorities. It is called “[Working together to improve school attendance](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/working-together-to-improve-school-attendance)” and it includes a National Framework in relation to absence and the use of legal sanctions. This draft School Attendance Policy reflects the requirements and principles of that guidance.

This policy is written with the above guidance in mind and underpins our school ethos to:

* promote children’s welfare and safeguarding;
* ensure every pupil has access to the full-time education to which they are entitled;
* ensure that pupils succeed whilst at school;
* ensure that pupils have access to the widest possible range of opportunities at school, and when they leave school.

It has been developed in consultation with school governors, teachers, parents, pupils. It seeks to ensure that all parties involved in the practicalities of school attendance are aware and informed of attendance matters in school and to outline the school’s commitment to attendance matters. It details the responsibilities of individuals and groups involved and the procedures in place to promote and monitor pupil attendance.

In addition, all schools follow the DfE’s statutory safeguarding guidance, Keeping Children Safe in Education, which emphasises the importance of understanding the potential vulnerabilities of children who are missing or absent from education.

[https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/keeping-children-safe-in-education--2](https://eur02.safelinks.protection.outlook.com/?url=https%3A%2F%2Fwww.gov.uk%2Fgovernment%2Fpublications%2Fkeeping-children-safe-in-education--2&data=05%7C01%7CSimone.Webb%40essex.gov.uk%7C5c8058b1ee3d474f51f108db99695c74%7Ca8b4324f155c4215a0f17ed8cc9a992f%7C0%7C0%7C638272450024518381%7CUnknown%7CTWFpbGZsb3d8eyJWIjoiMC4wLjAwMDAiLCJQIjoiV2luMzIiLCJBTiI6Ik1haWwiLCJXVCI6Mn0%3D%7C3000%7C%7C%7C&sdata=lSwIxjDkmFwEjJNhg6jSTy57KDKtya4eJKgS30bZtDQ%3D&reserved=0)

Our policy aims to raise and maintain levels of attendance by:

* Promoting a positive and welcoming atmosphere in which pupils feel safe, secure and valued;
* Raising and maintaining a whole school awareness of the importance of good attendance and punctuality;
* Ensuring that attendance is monitored effectively and reasons for absences are recorded promptly and consistently.

For our children to gain the greatest benefit from their education it is vital that they attend regularly and be at school, on time, every day the school is open unless the reason for the absence is unavoidable. **It is a rule of this school that pupils must attend every day, unless there are exceptional circumstances, and it is the *headteacher,* not the parent, who can authorise the absence.**

**2.0 Legal Framework**

The law entitles every child of compulsory school age to an efficient, full-time education suitable to their age, aptitude, and any special educational need they may have. It is the legal responsibility of every parent to make sure their child receives that education either by attendance at a school or by education otherwise than at a school.

Where parents decide to have their child registered at school, they have an additional legal duty to ensure their child attends that school regularly, on time. This means their child must attend every day that the school is open, except in a small number of allowable circumstances such as being too ill to attend or being given permission for an absence in advance from the school.

New legislation was passed, The School Attendance (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations 2024 which introduced a National Framework in England. By law all children of compulsory school age must receive an appropriate full-time education (Education Act 1996).  Parents have a legal duty to ensure their child attends school regularly at the school at which they are registered.

Parents may be recognised differently under education law, than under family law. Section 576 of the Education Act 1996 states that a ‘parent’, in relation to a child or young person, includes any person who is not a parent (from which can be inferred ‘biological parent’) but who has parental responsibility, or who has care of the child.

A person typically has care of a child or young person if they are the person with whom the child lives, either full or part time and who looks after the child, irrespective of what their biological or legal relationship is with the child.

**2.1** **Links with Other Policies**

This policy operates in conjunction with the following policies:

• Child protection and safeguarding policy

• Behaviour policy

**3.0 Roles & Responsibilities**

The name of the Attendance Champion (the senior leader responsible for the strategic approach to attendance in our school) is:

Lorraine Freeman, Deputy Headteacher

The governor with responsibility for monitoring attendance is Sarah Grosvenor-Brown.

Helping to create a pattern of regular attendance is the responsibility of parents, pupils and all members of school staff.

**3.1 The Governing Body**

The Governing Body is responsible for:

* Promoting the importance of school attendance across the school’s policies and ethos
* Making sure school leaders fulfil expectations and statutory duties
* Regularly reviewing and challenging attendance data
* Monitoring attendance figures for the whole school
* Making sure staff receive adequate training on attendance
* Holding the Headteacher to account for the implementation of this policy

**3.2 The Headteacher**

The Headteacher is responsible for:

* Implementation of this policy
* Monitoring school-level absence data and reporting it to Governors
* Supporting staff with monitoring the attendance of individual pupils
* Monitoring the impact of any implemented attendance strategies
* Issuing fixed-penalty notices, where necessary

**3.3 The Attendance Champion**

The Attendance Champion is responsible for:

* Leading attendance across the school and supporting the vulnerable pupil team with improving attendance

for individual pupils

* Offering a clear vision for attendance improvement
* Evaluating and monitoring expectations and processes
* Having an oversight of data analysis and meeting with the school’s data manger termly
* Devising specific strategies to address areas of poor attendance identified through data
* Building relationships with parents/carers to discuss and tackle attendance issues alongside the Family

Support Worker (FSW)

* Delivering targeted intervention and support to pupils and families alongside the Family Support Worker

(FSW) and Vulnerable Pupil Team

* Support the use of a range of strategies including TAC (Team Around the Child) meetings and home visits for persistent absentees
* Manage the Vulnerable Pupil Team and support high standards of attendance through this team
* Promote the benefits of high attendance;
* Contact parents/carers should their child’s attendance fall below the school’s target for attendance.

**3.4 The Attendance Officer**

The school attendance officer is responsible for:

* Monitoring and analysing attendance data
* Benchmarking attendance data to identify areas of focus for improvement
* Providing regular attendance reports to school staff and reporting concerns about attendance to the attendance champion and the Headteacher
* Working with education welfare officers to tackle persistent absence
* Advising the Headteacher when to issue fixed-penalty notices

**3.5 Class Teachers**

Class teachers are responsible for

* Recording attendance on a daily basis, using the correct codes, and submitting this information to the school office at the beginning of the morning and afternoon sessions.
* Report to parents/carers regularly on their child’s attendance and the impact on their progress
* Working with parents to improve attendance and highlighting patterns in attendance to the Vulnerable Pupil Team.

**3.6 School Office Staff**

School office staff will:

* Take calls from parents/carers about absence on a day-to-day basis and record it on the school system
* Transfer calls from parents/carers to the leadership team in order to provide them with more detailed support on attendance
* Monitor ParentMail and absence reporting through ParentMail
* Ensure a system is in place for sharing our attendance data with the Department of Education and Local Authority, in line with the legal expectations placed on all schools
* Accurately complete admission and attendance registers and have effective day to day processes in place to follow-up absence as required by law

**3.7 Parents/Carers**

Parents/carers are expected to:

* Make sure their child attends every day on time
* Call the school to report their child’s absence before 8.50am on the first day of the absence and each subsequent day of absence, and advise when they are expected to return
* Provide the school with more than 1 emergency contact number for their child
* Ensure that, where possible, appointments for their child are made outside of the school day
* Request any leave of absence at least 4 weeks in advance by emailing the school office
* Engage with any support strategies put in place to improve attendance

**4.0 Types of Absence**

Any absence affects the routine of a child’s schooling and regular absence will seriously affect their learning journey and ability to progress. Any pupil’s absence or late arrival disrupts teaching routines and so may affect the learning of others in the same class. Ensuring a child’s regular attendance at school is a parental responsibility and allowing absence from school, without a good reason, creates an offence in law and may result in prosecution.

Every half-day absence from school has to be classified by the school (not by the parent), as either **authorised** or **unauthorised**. This is why information about the cause of any absence is always required. Each half-day is known as a ‘session’.

**4.1 Authorised absences** are morning or afternoon sessions away from school for a genuine reason such as illness (although you may be asked to provide medical evidence for your child before this can be authorised), medical or dental appointments which unavoidably fall in school time, emergencies or other unavoidable cause.

**4.2 Unauthorised absences** are those which the school does not consider reasonable and for which no ‘leave’ has been granted. This type of absence can lead to the school referring to the Local Authority for penalty notices and/or legal proceedings.

Unauthorised absence includes, (however this list is not exhaustive):

* Parents/carers keeping children off school unnecessarily e.g. because they had a late night or for non-infectious illness or injury that would not affect their ability to learn;
* Absences which have never been properly explained;
* Children who arrive at school after the close of registration are marked using a ‘U’. This indicates that they are in school for safeguarding purposes, however is counted as an absence for the session;
* Shopping trips;
* Looking after other children or children accompanying siblings or parents to medical appointments;
* Their own or family birthdays;
* Holidays taken during term time, not deemed ‘for exceptional purposes’ by the headteacher, including any arranged by other family members or friends;
* Day trips;
* Other leave of absence in term time which has not been agreed.

**5.0 Persistent Absenteeism (PA) and Severe Absenteeism (SA)**

A pupil is defined by the Government as a **‘persistent absentee’** when they miss 10% or more schooling across the school year for any reason; this can be authorised or unauthorised absence. Absence at this level will cause considerable damage to any pupil’s education and we need the full support and co-operation of parents to resolve this. All pupils who have attendance levels of 90% or below are considered to be a persistent absentee.

A pupil who has missed 50% or more schooling is defined by the Government as ‘**severely absent’**. Pupils within this cohort may find it more difficult to be in school or face bigger barriers to their regular attendance and, as such, are likely to need more intensive support.

**6.0 Absence Procedures**

We monitor and review all pupils’ absence, and the reasons that are given, thoroughly.

**If a child is absent from school the parent must follow these procedures:**

* If your child is ill report your child’s absence via the Absence Module on Parentmail before 8.50am stating how long the absence is likely to be and the specific illness i.e. headache, sickness etc.
* Requests for other absences should be sent via the school email, [schooloffice@shefford.cbeds.co.uk](mailto:schooloffice@shefford.cbeds.co.uk)
* The school has an answer phone available to leave a message if nobody is available to take your call, or you may call into school personally and speak to the office staff. Please be aware that, if you leave a voicemail to report your child’s absence, you may receive a call from the school so that we may discuss the absence before making a decision as to whether the absence is to be recorded as authorised;
* Contact the school on every further day of absence, again before *8.50 am;*
* Ensure that your child returns to school as soon as possible and you provide any medical evidence, if requested, to support the absence. Medical evidence may be requested where your child is having multiple periods of absence which are reported as being due to medical reasons. When determining whether a child is too ill to attend school, both parents and school staff can consider the advice contained in the following NHS website <https://www.nhs.uk/live-well/is-my-child-too-ill-for-school/>

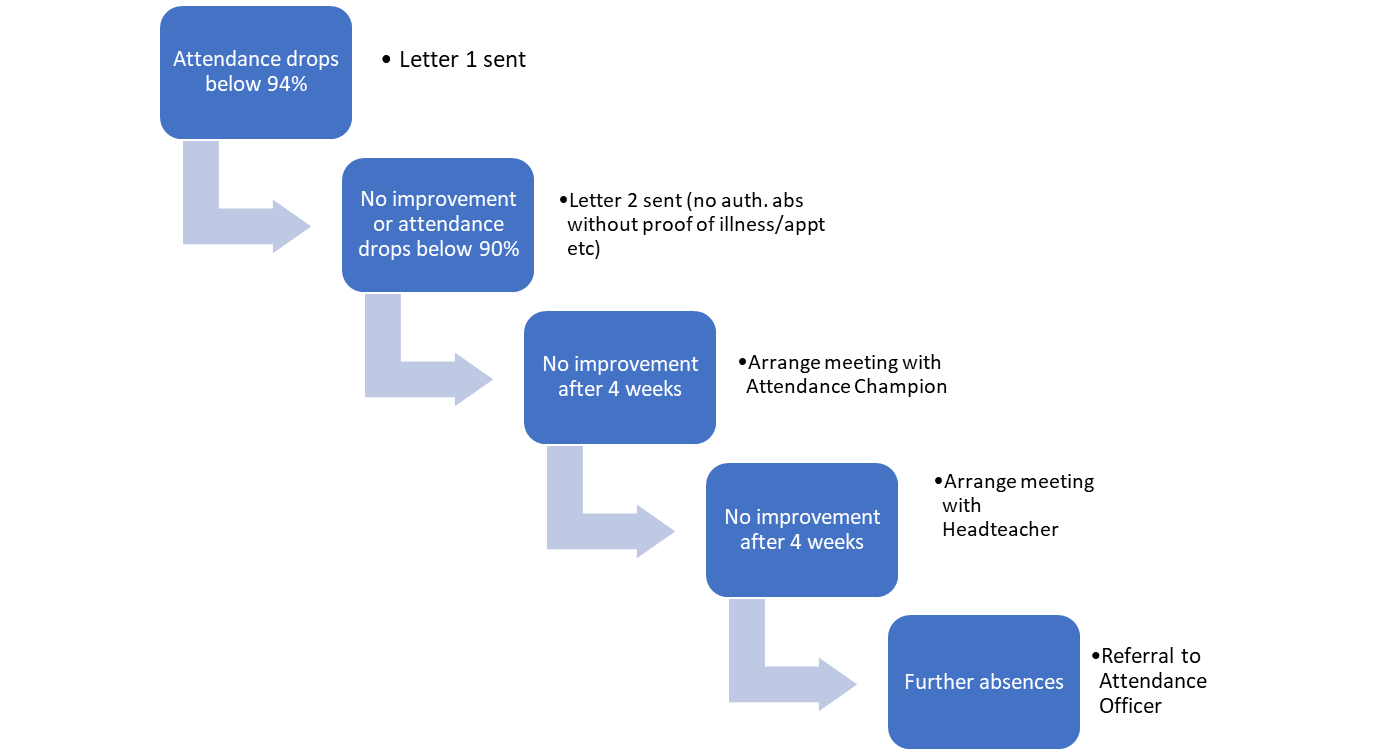
**If your child is absent we will:**

* Telephone or text you on the first, and every subsequent day of absence, if we have not heard from you. However, it is your responsibility to contact us;
* If we are unable to make contact with parents by telephone, we will telephone emergency contact numbers, send letters home and a home visit may be made, in the interests of safeguarding
* Home visits may also be carried out if the child is reported absent, but the school has reason to believe they may be on holiday
* A referral may be made to Local Authority if no contact has been made with parents by the 10th day of absence (or sooner if deemed appropriate), at which point your child could be considered to be “missing from education.” In certain circumstances this could result in your child being removed from our school roll and you would need to reapply for a place, were one was still available

**If absence continues we will:**

* Write to you if your child’s attendance is below 95%, and/or where punctuality is a concern;
* Arrange a meeting so that you may discuss the situation with our Senior Attendance Champion
* Create an individual attendance plan to address any barriers to attendance and make clear each person’s role in improving the attendance patterns of your child;
* Offer signposting support to other agencies or services, if appropriate;
* Refer the matter to the Local Authority for relevant legal sanctions, if attendance deteriorates following the above actions.

The flow chart below details the different stages and when specific letters are sent to parents. Examples of these letters can be found in Appendix A.



**7.0 Lateness**

Poor punctuality is not acceptable and can sometimes lead to irregular school attendance patterns. Good time-keeping is a vital life skill which will help children as they progress through their school life and out into the wider world.

Pupils who arrive late disrupt lessons and, if a child misses the start of the day, they can feel unsettled and embarrassed and risk missing vital work and important messages from their class teacher.

**The times of the start and close of the school day for all pupils at Shefford Lower School are:**

Gates open: 8.35am

Registration starts: 8.40am

Registration closes: 8.50am

End of the school day: 3.20pm

**7.1 How we manage lateness:**

* The school day starts at ***8.40am*** when children can begin to come into school;
* Registers are taken at ***8.50am;***
* Children arriving after ***8.55am*** are required to come into school via the school office. If accompanied by a parent/carer they must sign them into our ‘Late Book’ and provide a reason for their lateness, which is recorded
* At ***9.20am*,** in accordance with the Regulations, your child will receive a mark that shows them to be on site – ‘U’, but this will **not** count as a present mark and it will mean that they have an unauthorised absence;
* The school may contact parents/carers regarding punctuality concerns;
* From time to time a member of school staff will undertake a ‘Late Gate’ check, greeting late arrivals at the main entrance to the school.

Unauthorised lateness could result in the school referring to the Local Authority for sanctions and/or legal proceedings. If your child has a persistent lateness record, you may be asked to meet with our Attendance Champion – Mrs Lorraine Freeman, but you can approach us at any time if you are having difficulties getting your child to school on time. We expect parents and staff to encourage good punctuality by being good role models to our children and, as a school, we celebrate good class and individual punctuality.

**8.0 Understanding barriers to attendance**

Whilst any child may occasionally have time off school because they are too unwell to attend, sometimes they can be reluctant to attend school. Any barriers preventing regular attendance are best resolved between the school, the parents and the child. If a parent thinks their child is reluctant to attend school, then we will work with that family to understand the root problem and provide any necessary support. We can use outside agencies to help with this, such as the School Nurse, Mental Health Service, Early Help Worker/Social Worker/Family Support Worker or the relevant Local Authority team/s. Where outside agencies are supporting the family, you may be invited to attend a Team Around the Child meeting (TAC) to consider what is working well and what needs to improve. An individual support plan will be agreed and subsequently reviewed.

Some pupils face greater barriers to attendance than their peers. These can include pupils who suffer from long-term medical conditions or who have special educational needs and disabilities, or other vulnerabilities. High expectations of attendance remain in place for these pupils, however we will work with families and pupils to support improved attendance whilst being mindful of the additional barriers faced. We can discuss reasonable adjustments and additional support from external partners, where appropriate.

Under the DfE’s statutory guidance, schools are required to submit a sickness return to the Local Authority for all pupils who have missed/are likely to miss 15 or more school days (consecutive or cumulative) due to medical reasons/illness.

See Annex A for summary tables of responsibilities for school attendance.

**9.0 Local Authority attendance support services**

Local Authority School Attendance Officers work strategically by offering support to schools, to reduce persistent absence and improve overall attendance.

Parents are expected to work with the school and local authority to address any attendance concerns. Parents should proactively engage with the support offered, aiming to resolve any problems together. This is nearly always successful. If difficulties cannot be resolved in this way, the school may consider more formal support and/or refer the child to the Local Authority. If attendance does not improve, legal action may be taken in the form of a Penalty Notice or prosecution in the Magistrates Court.

**10.0 National Framework for Penalty Notices**

There is now a single consistent national threshold for when a penalty notice must be considered by all schools in England, of 10 sessions (usually equivalent to 5 school days) of unauthorised absence within a rolling 10 school week period. The 10 sessions of absence do not have to be consecutive and can be made up of a combination of any type of unauthorised absence (G, O and/or U coded within the school’s registers). The 10 school week period can span different terms, school years or education settings.

Sanctions may include issuing each parent (for each child) with a Penalty Notice for £160, reduced to £80 if paid within 21 days (for the first offence). A second Penalty Notice issued within a three year period will result in a fine of £160 per parent, per child. If a third offence is committed the matter may be referred to the local authority for consideration of prosecution via the Magistrates Court. If prosecution is instigated for irregular school attendance, each parent may receive a fine of up to £2500 and/or up to 3 months in prison. If a parent is found guilty in court, they will receive a criminal conviction.

**There is no entitlement in law for pupils to take time off during the term to go on holiday or other absence for the purpose of leisure or recreation, or to take part in protest activity in school hours.**  In addition, the Supreme Court has ruled that the definition of regular school attendance is “in accordance with the rules prescribed by the school.”

The School Attendance (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations 2024 set out the statutory requirements for schools.   All references to family holidays and extended leave have been removed. The amendments specify that headteachers may not grant any leave of absence during term time unless there are "exceptional circumstances" and they do not have any discretion to authorise up to ten days of absence each academic year.

It is a rule of this school that a leave of absence shall not be granted in term time unless there are reasons considered to be exceptional by the headteacher, irrespective of the child’s overall attendance.  Only the headteacher or his/her designate (not the local authority) may authorise such a request and all applications for a leave of absence must be made in writing, in advance by the parent with who the child normally lives with, on the prescribed form provided by the school. The school will usually consider that the parent who has made the application is therefore allowing the leave of absence, and also that all parents who are on the holiday are allowing the leave. Where a parent removes a child after their application for leave was refused or where no application was made to the school, the absence will be recorded as unauthorised. It is likely that penalty notices will be requested, in line with the National Framework and Central Bedfordshire Code of Conduct for Fixed Penalty Notices, in respect of each parent believed to have allowed the absence.

**At Shefford Lower School 'exceptional circumstances' will be interpreted as:**

... being of unique and significant emotional, educational or spiritual value to the child which outweighs the loss of teaching time (as determined by the headteacher). The fundamental principles for defining ‘exceptional’ are events that are “rare, significant, unavoidable and short”. By 'unavoidable' we mean an event that could not reasonably be scheduled at another time, outside of school term time, regardless of who has planned or paid for the holiday or absence (including grandparents or other family or friends).

The headteacher/school may discuss the leave of absence request with other education settings and/or the Local Authority to determine any exceptional circumstances.

If leave of absence is authorised, the school will not provide work for children to do during their absence. Parents are however advised to read with their children and encourage them to write a diary while they are away.

**11.0 Deletion from Roll**

For any pupil leaving Shefford Lower School*, other than at the end of year 4, pa*rents/carers are required to email the school office providing the school with the following information: child’s name, class, current address, date of leaving, new home address, name of new school, address of new school. This information is essential to ensure that we know the whereabouts and may appropriately safeguard all of our pupils, even those who leave us.

It is crucial that parents keep school updated with current addresses and contact details for the pupil and key family members, in case of emergency.

Under Pupil Regulations 2006, all schools are now **legally required** to notify their Local Authority of **every new entry** to the admission register **within five days** of the pupil being enrolled. In addition to this, **every deletion** from the school register must also be notified to the Local Authority, as soon as the ground for deletion has been met in relation to that pupil, and in any event no later than the time at which the pupil’s name is deleted from the register. This duty does not apply when a pupil’s name is removed from the admission register at a standard transition point – when the pupil has completed the final year of education normally provided by that school.

**12.0 Absence data**

We use data to monitor, identify and support individual pupils or groups of pupils when their attendance needs to improve, and schools are required to submit pupil attendance data to the Department for Education and Local Authority on a daily basis ‘Education (Information about Individual Pupils) (England) (Amendment) Regulations 2024.’ Persistently and severely absent pupils are tracked and monitored carefully. We also combine this with academic tracking, as increased absence affects attainment.

We share information and work collaboratively with other schools in the area, local authorities, and other partners, when absence is at risk of becoming persistent or severe.

**Appendix A**

**First Letter – Non-Statutory Age Children (Reception)**

Reference: <Reference>

For the Parents of <FirstName> <Surname>

<Class> Class

Dear <AddeeSalutation>

**MOMENTS MATTER, ATTENDANCE COUNTS**

<FirstName> has missed more school than <his/her> classmates.

<FirstName> was absent (X) days so far this school year.

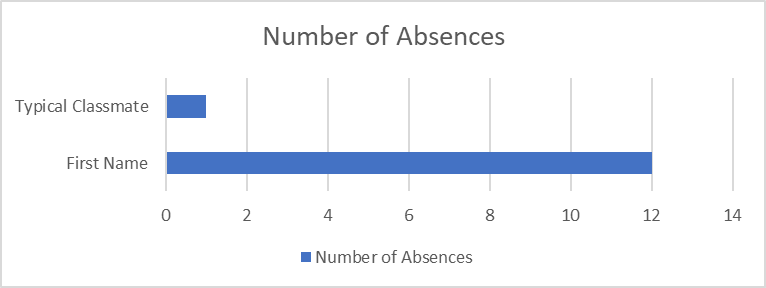
Children fall behind when they miss school – whether they are absent for authorised or unauthorised reasons.

You can have a big effect on <FirstName>’s absences this term and we appreciate your help.

Yours sincerely

Headteacher

**<FirstName> has missed more school than his classmates.**

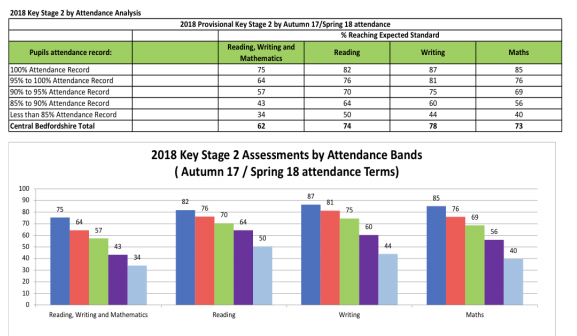


**Our duty to you is to ensure you are kept informed about your child’s attendance. This is a feature of our annual report. We aim to ensure this is more meaningful to you with a termly attendance information. Please feel free to ask us anything as always.**

**Current attendance**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 90% or below  Chronically poor attendance. Local authority Attendance officer involvement | **90% - 93%**  Poor attendance  Discussed with attendance officer and senior leadership | **93% - 96%**  Weak attendance is reported to senior leadership and records discussed with local authority attendance officer | **96% +**  Good attendance | **97% – 100%**  Required attendance  Linked to better pupil outcomes |
|  |  |  |  |  |

**Attendance matters**



**First Letter – Statutory School Age**

Reference: <Reference>

For the Parents of <FirstName> <Surname>

<Class> Class

Dear <AddeeSalutation>

I am writing to you with reference to <FirstName>’s school attendance. The attendance register (copy enclosed) shows that <his/her> attendance to date is <PercentAttendYTD>. Whilst I am aware that absences are due to <FirstName> being unwell, we have been advised by the school’s Attendance Officer to inform you that this percentage is below the school’s minimum target of 97%.

If there is anything we can do to support you to help improve <FirstName>’s school attendance or if you would like to discuss this matter please do contact me.

The Local Authority requests that schools ensure that parents are made aware of both the definition of who is a parent and also what the law says parents must do with regards to their child’s education.

Please see our attendance policy at <http://www.sheffordlowerschool.co.uk/Policies>

Yours sincerely

Polly Ross

Headteacher

**Second Letter – Statutory School Age**

Reference: <Reference>

For the Parents of <FirstName> <Surname>

<Class> Class

Dear <AddeeSalutation>

I writing to you with reference to <FirstName>’s attendance. The attendance register (copy enclosed) shows that <his/her> attendance currently stands at <PercentAttendYTD>. I am concerned that this attendance level may seriously impact upon <his/her> ability to fully access the curriculum.

The school’s minimum attendance target is 97% and we would appreciate your support in ensuring that <FirstName>’s attendance improves to at least our minimum school target.

Unfortunately, we will be unable to authorise any further absences as illness from the date of this letter onwards unless satisfactory medical evidence is provided to support these absences. Medical evidence can take the form of copies of prescriptions, appointments cards or sight of medication. In certain cases a letter from a GP or Consultant would be required so that extra support to help a child access their education because of a medical need can be arranged.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/school_attendance.pd>

Should <FirstName>’s level of attendance fail to improve or the school doesn’t receive satisfactory evidence to support the absences, the school may need to consider requesting that you attend a joint meeting with the Headteacher and the Local Authority School Attendance Officer or may request that a Penalty Notice is issued in line with Central Bedfordshire Council’s Code of Conduct <http://www.centralbedfordshire.gov.uk/schoolsportal/administration/inclusion/referrals.aspx>

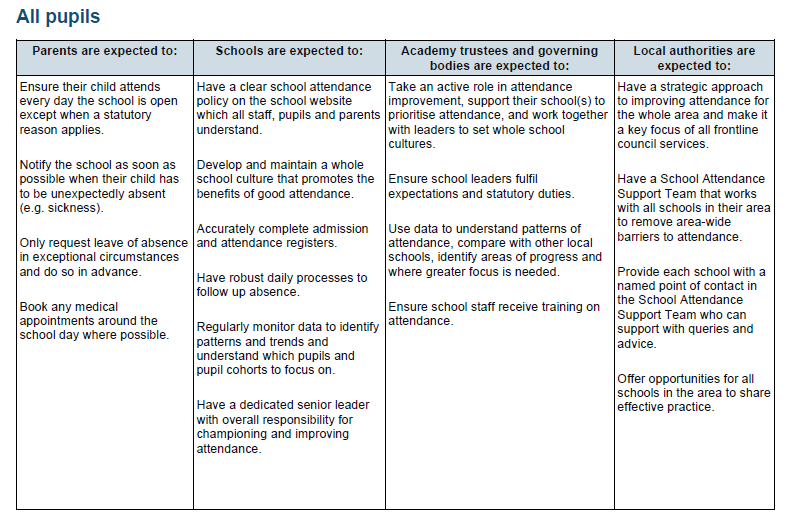
Yours sincerely

Polly Ross

Headteacher

**Annex A: DfE guidance Summary table of responsibilities for school attendance. From 19th August 2024**

<https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/media/65e8ae343649a2001aed63aa/Summary_table_of_responsibilities_for_school_attendance__applies_from_19_August_2024_.pdf>

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